





- Veteran-owned, small family business
- Founder born and raised in Grayson County
- Rural competitive local exchange carrier in and around Leitchfield, Kentucky
- Holds Certificate of Authority from the Kentucky Public Service Commission
- Grayson County
  - population: 6,357
  - per capita income: \$18,280
  - household income: \$30,984



### **Overview:**

# What services does Kentucky Telephone provide?

- Serves business and residential customers
- Local and long distance telephone
- High-speed data and broadband Internet access
- Digital cable television service (Leitchfield and Clarkson City)
- Local exchange service to conference calling companies
- Coming soon: HDTV, Replay TV, Start Over TV



#### **Customers**

- Serve over 1,500 business and residential customers
- Customers include:
  - Banks, Hotels, Restaurants, and Retail Stores
  - County Board of Education (GIG-E Interconnection to each school in Grayson County),
  - County High School, Middle School, and Elementary School Distance Learning Programs,
  - Office of Emergency Management and 911 Dispatch
  - City Hall
  - Sheriffs Office and City Police Department
  - Public Library
  - Judicial Building



#### **Broadband Network**

- Dial-up access now serving: Leitchfield, Clarkson, Caneyville, Columbia, Bradsfordville, Lebanon, Greensburg, Burkesville, Tompkinsville, Loretto, Campbellsville, Hodgenville, Glasgow, Elizabethtown, Scottsville and Cecilia
- DSL:
  - 1.544 MB
  - 3 MB
  - 6 MB
  - Coming Soon 15MB, 30MB, 50MB



# **High Volume Access Services**

- The Commission already considered in the CLEC Access Charge Reform order whether conference calling and similar services can be served by rural CLECs
- No basis to now conclude that these are not proper "end users" for purposes of access charges or to implement a complete ban on revenue sharing
- Though a rural CLEC, Kentucky Telephone has voluntarily adopted a tariff that includes lower rates for traffic terminating to high volume access services (\$0.015/MOU)



# **IXC Self Help**

- Sprint, Qwest, and Level 3 are engaging in self help and refusing to pay Kentucky Telephone (often even on undisputed traffic)
- This non-payment jeopardizes Kentucky Telephone's ability to offer competitive services to its customers and hinders its ability to expand its broadband offerings
- IXC customers originate and Kentucky Telephone terminates each of the calls at issue
- The IXCs self help as a means of applying economic pressure to small competitive carriers like Kentucky Telephone
- The FCC needs to stand behind its prior precedent against self help and offer no safe haven to those that like Qwest and Sprint continuously violate the Commission's rules



# **IXC Self Help**

- Kentucky Telephone has been fighting illegal self help practices since 2009
- Outstanding balances for disputed and undisputed traffic:
  - Qwest: \$778,250
  - Level 3: \$882,685
  - Sprint: \$1,068,444
- Traffic volumes for Qwest, Sprint and Level 3 appear to be rising as they accept traffic from other carriers.
- Kentucky Telephone is also being forced to expend considerable amounts of money on litigation matters.



# **Conclusion**

- Further regulation of Kentucky Telephone's relationship with its high volume end users is unnecessary and revenue sharing is not unjust or unreasonable
- Kentucky Telephone has taken steps to ensure that its business is conducted with the Commission's latest guidance in *Farmers & Merchants* and adopted a reduced rate for high volume services
- It needs to be clear that pay-and-dispute is the law IXCs are collecting from their customers for the very calls that they dispute as illegitimate



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